

# L-7104MD/1G1ID

T-1 (3mm) Bi-Level Circuit Board Indicator



# **DESCRIPTIONS**

- The Green source color devices are made with Gallium Phosphide Green Light Emitting Diode
- The High Efficiency Red source color devices are made with Gallium Arsenide Phosphide on Gallium Phosphide Orange Light Emitting Diode

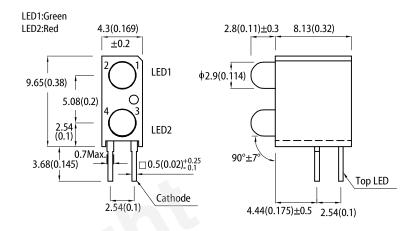
## **FEATURES**

- · Pre-trimmed leads for pc mounting
- · Black case enhances contrast
- · High reliability life measured in years
- Housing UL rating: 94V-0
- Housing material: Type 66 nylon
- Halogen-free
- RoHS compliant

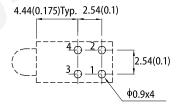
# **APPLICATIONS**

- · Status indicator
- Illuminator
- · Signage applications
- · Decorative and entertainment lighting
- · Commercial and residential architectural lighting

# **PACKAGE DIMENSIONS**



Recommended PCB Layout



- The control of the co

# **SELECTION GUIDE**

| Part Number    | Emitting Color<br>(Material)         | Lens Type      | Iv (mcd) @ 10mA [2] |      | Viewing Angle [1] |
|----------------|--------------------------------------|----------------|---------------------|------|-------------------|
|                |                                      |                | Min.                | Тур. | 201/2             |
| L-7104MD/1G1ID | Green (GaP)                          | Green Diffused | 10                  | 25   | 50°               |
|                |                                      |                | *10                 | *25  |                   |
|                | ■ High Efficiency Red<br>(GaAsP/GaP) | Red Diffused   | 20                  | 50   | 50°               |
|                |                                      |                | *12                 | *30  |                   |

Notes.

1. 61/2 is the angle from optical centerline where the luminous intensity is 1/2 of the optical peak value.

2. Luminous intensity / luminous flux: +/-15%.

\* Luminous intensity value is traceable to CIE127-2007 standards.





# ELECTRICAL / OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS at T<sub>A</sub>=25°C

| Paramatan.   | Symbol                          | Fariting Colon               | Value        |            | 1114  |
|--|---------------------------------|------------------------------|--------------|------------|-------|
| Parameter  |                                 | Emitting Color               | Тур.         | Max.       | Unit  |
| Wavelength at Peak Emission I <sub>F</sub> = 10mA  | $\lambda_{peak}$                | Green<br>High Efficiency Red | 565<br>627   | -          | nm    |
| Dominant Wavelength I <sub>F</sub> = 10mA  | λ <sub>dom</sub> <sup>[1]</sup> | Green<br>High Efficiency Red | 568<br>617   | -          | nm    |
| Spectral Bandwidth at 50% Φ REL MAX I <sub>F</sub> = 10mA                                    | Δλ                              | Green<br>High Efficiency Red | 30<br>45     | -          | nm    |
| Capacitance  | С                               | Green<br>High Efficiency Red | 15<br>15     | -          | pF    |
| Forward Voltage I <sub>F</sub> = 10mA  | V <sub>F</sub> <sup>[2]</sup>   | Green<br>High Efficiency Red | 2.0<br>1.9   | 2.4<br>2.3 | V     |
| Reverse Current (V <sub>R</sub> = 5V)  | I <sub>R</sub>                  | Green<br>High Efficiency Red | -            | 10<br>10   | μА    |
| Temperature Coefficient of $\lambda_{\text{peak}}$ $I_F$ = 10mA, -10°C $\leq$ T $\leq$ 85°C  | $TC_{\lambda peak}$             | Green<br>High Efficiency Red | 0.1<br>0.13  | -          | nm/°C |
| Temperature Coefficient of $\lambda_{dom}$ I <sub>F</sub> = 10mA, -10°C $\leq$ T $\leq$ 85°C | TC <sub>λdom</sub>              | Green<br>High Efficiency Red | 0.06<br>0.06 | -          | nm/°C |
| Temperature Coefficient of $V_F$ $I_F$ = 10mA, -10°C $\leq$ T $\leq$ 85°C                    | TC <sub>V</sub>                 | Green<br>High Efficiency Red | -2.0<br>-1.9 | -          | mV/°C |

# ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS at T<sub>A</sub>=25°C

| 2  |                                | Valu                |                     |      |  |
|--|--------------------------------|---------------------|---------------------|------|--|
| Parameter                                    | Symbol                         | Green               | High Efficiency Red | Unit |  |
| Power Dissipation                            | P <sub>D</sub>                 | 62.5                | 75                  | mW   |  |
| Reverse Voltage                              | V <sub>R</sub>                 | 5 5                 |                     | V    |  |
| Junction Temperature                         | T <sub>j</sub>                 | 110                 | 125                 | °C   |  |
| Operating Temperature                        | T <sub>op</sub>                | -40 to +85          |                     | °C   |  |
| Storage Temperature                          | T <sub>stg</sub>               | -40 to +85          |                     | °C   |  |
| DC Forward Current                           | I <sub>F</sub>                 | 25                  | 30                  | mA   |  |
| Peak Forward Current                         | I <sub>FP</sub> <sup>[1]</sup> | 140                 | 160                 | mA   |  |
| Electrostatic Discharge Threshold (HBM)      | -                              | 8000                | 8000                | V    |  |
| Thermal Resistance (Junction / Ambient)      | R <sub>th JA</sub> [2]         | 680                 | 680                 | °C/W |  |
| Thermal Resistance (Junction / Solder point) | R <sub>th JS</sub> [2]         | 460                 | 450                 | °C/W |  |
| Lead Solder Temperature [3]                  |                                | 260°C For 3 Seconds |                     |      |  |
| Lead Solder Temperature [4]                  |                                | 260°C For 5 Seconds |                     |      |  |

Notes:
1. 1/10 Duty Cycle, 0.1ms Pulse Width.
2. Rth JA, Rth JS Results from mounting on PC board FR4 (pad size ≥ 16 mm² per pad).
3. 2mm below package base.
4. 5mm below package base.
4. 5mm below package base.
5. Relative humidity levels maintained between 40% and 60% in production area are recommended to avoid the build-up of static electricity – Ref JEDEC/JESD625-A and JEDEC/J-STD-033.

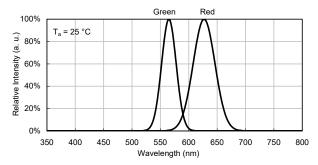


<sup>1.</sup> The dominant wavelength (λd) above is the setup value of the sorting machine. (Tolerance λd:±1nm.)
2. Forward voltage: ±0.1V.
3. Wavelength value is traceable to CIE127-2007 standards.
4. Excess driving current and / or operating temperature higher than recommended conditions may result in severe light degradation or premature failure.

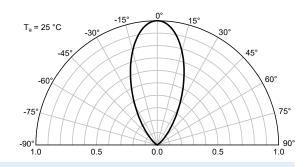


## **TECHNICAL DATA**

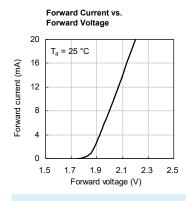
### **RELATIVE INTENSITY vs. WAVELENGTH**

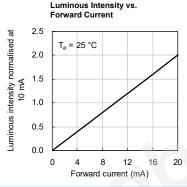


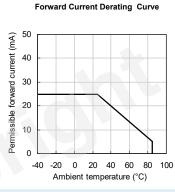
### **SPATIAL DISTRIBUTION**

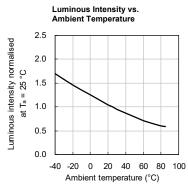


# **GREEN**

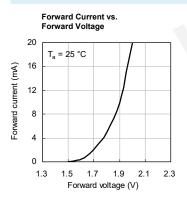


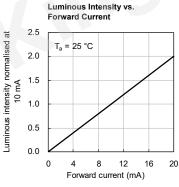


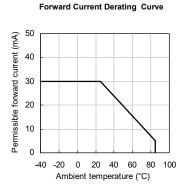


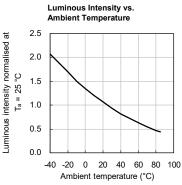


## **HIGH EFFICIENCY RED**

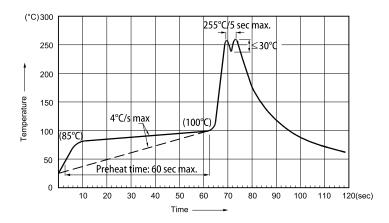








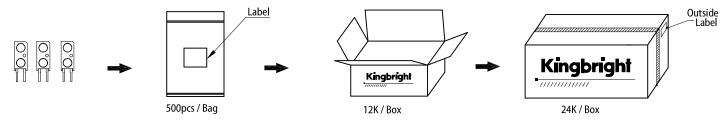
## **RECOMMENDED WAVE SOLDERING PROFILE**



- Recommend pre-heat temperature of 105°C or less (as measured with a thermocouple Recommend pre-heat temperature of 105°C or less (as measured with a thermocouple attached to the LED pins) prior to immersion in the solder wave with a maximum solder bath temperature of 260°C
   Peak wave soldering temperature between 245°C ~ 255°C for 3 sec (5 sec max).
   Do not apply stress to the epoxy resin while the temperature is above 85°C.
   Fixtures should not incur stress on the component when mounting and during soldering process.
   SAC 305 solder alloy is recommended.
   No more than one wave soldering pass.



## **PACKING & LABEL SPECIFICATIONS**





### **PRECAUTIONS**

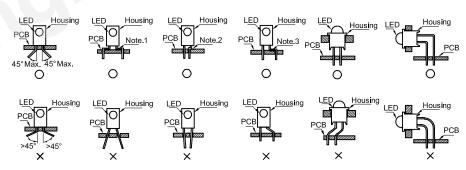
## Storage Conditions

- 1. Avoid continued exposure to the condensing moisture environment and keep the product away from rapid transitions in ambient temperature.
- 2. The LEDs should be stored at temperature <30°C and relative humidity <70%. If the packaging is opened but not used within three months, the unused LEDs should be stored in a sealed container with nitrogen atmosphere and moisture absorbent material.

## **LED Mounting Method**

 The lead pitch of the LED must match the pitch of the mounting holes on the PCB during component placement.
 Lead-forming may be required to insure the lead pitch matches the hole pitch.
 Refer to the figure below for proper lead forming procedures.

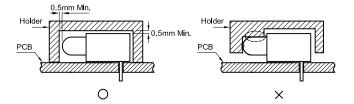
Note 1-3: Do not route PCB trace in the contact area between the leadframe and the PCB to prevent short-circuits.



' ○ " Correct mounting method " x " Incorrect mounting method

# **Lead Forming Procedures**

- During soldering, component covers and holders should leave clearance to avoid placing damaging stress on the LED during soldering.
- 2. The tip of the soldering iron should never touch the lens epoxy.
- 3. Through-hole LEDs are incompatible with reflow soldering.
- 4. If the LED will undergo multiple soldering passes or face other processes where the part may be subjected to intense heat, please check with Kingbright for compatibility.



### **PRECAUTIONARY NOTES**

- 1. The information included in this document reflects representative usage scenarios and is intended for technical reference only.
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